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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identifier

100 Plus Paint Sealant

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1 Relevant uses

Paint care

1.2.2 Uses advised against

None known.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company 19-29 Gavinton St.

Muirend, Glasgow, G44 3EF / UK Phone +44(0)141 633 5933 Fax +44(0)141 637 7219

Address enquiries to

Technical information james.smyth@supagard.com **Safety Data Sheet** sdb@chemiebuero.de

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Advisory body +44 844 892 0111 National Poisons Information Service

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Eye Irrit. 2: H319 Causes serious eye irritation. STOT SE 3: H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Aquatic Chronic 2: H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

STOT RE 1: H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or

repeated exposure if inhaled.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word DANGER

Contains: Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha

Hazard statements H319 Causes serious eve irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated

exposure if inhaled.

Precautionary statements P260 Do not breathe vapours.

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P312 Call a POISON CENTER / doctor if you feel unwell.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national regulation.

Special labelling EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Other hazards 2.3

Environmental hazards Does not contain any PBT or vPvB substances.

Other hazards Further hazards were not determined with the current level of knowledge.

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SECTION 3: Composition / Information on ingredients

Product-type:

The product is a mixture.

Pange [%]	Substance
25 - 30	Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha
	CAS: 64742-82-1, EINECS/ELINCS: 265-185-4, EU-INDEX: 649-330-00-2
	GHS/CLP: Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - STOT SE 3: H336 - STOT RE 1: H372 - Aquatic Chronic 2: H411
1 - <10	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light
	CAS: 64742-47-8, EINECS/ELINCS: 265-149-8, EU-INDEX: 649-422-00-2
	GHS/CLP: Asp. Tox. 1: H304
1 - < 5	Morpholinoleate
	CAS: 1095-66-5, EINECS/ELINCS: 214-139-1
	GHS/CLP: Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Skin Irrit. 2: H315
1 - <3	Poly(dimethyl)[3-((2-aminoethyl)amino)propyl]methylsiloxane
	CAS: 71750-79-3, EINECS/ELINCS: polymer
	GHS/CLP: Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Eye Dam. 1: H318
1 - < 2,5	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.
	CAS: 64742-89-8, EINECS/ELINCS: 265-192-2, EU-INDEX: 649-267-00-0
	GHS/CLP: Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Aquatic Chronic 2: H411 - Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - STOT SE 3: H336
0,1 - <1	Amines, Tallow Alkyl
•	CAS: 61790-33-8, EINECS/ELINCS: 263-125-1, EU-INDEX: 612-286-00-X
	GHS/CLP: Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - Skin Corr. 1B: H314 - STOT RE 2: H373 - Aquatic Acute 1: H400 - Aquatic Chronic 1: H410, M = 10
<1	Dimethyl siloxane, HO-term Rxn methyltrimethoxysilane & aminoethylaminopropyltrimethoxysilane
	CAS: 69430-37-1
	GHS/CLP: Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Aquatic Chronic 1: H410 - Aquatic Acute 1: H400, M = 1

Comment on component parts

Substances of Very High Concern - SVHC: substances are not contained or are below 0.1%.

For full text of H-statements: see SECTION 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General information Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Inhalation Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

In the event of symptoms seek medical treatment.

Skin contact When in contact with the skin, clean with soap and water.

Consult a doctor if skin irritation persists.

Eye contact Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion Seek medical advice immediately.

Do not induce vomiting.

Rinse out mouth and give plenty of water to drink.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Headache Vertigo Drowsiness Irritant effects

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

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SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Carbon dioxide.

Water spray jet. Dry powder. Foam.

Extinguishing media that must not

be used

Full water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Risk of formation of toxic pyrolysis products.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Use self-contained breathing apparatus.

Fire residues and contaminated firefighting water must be disposed of in accordance within

the local regulations.

Cool containers at risk with water spray jet.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep away from all sources of ignition.

Use personal protective equipment (protective gloves, safety glasses, protective clothing).

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not discharge into the drains/surface waters/groundwater.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Take up mechanically.

Take up residues with absorbent material (e.g. sand).

Dispose of absorbed material in accordance within the regulations.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See SECTION 8+13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Keep away from all sources of ignition.

Vapours can form an explosive mixture with air.

Do not eat, drink, smoke or take drugs at work.

After worktime and before work breaks the affected skin areas must be thoroughly cleaned.

Use barrier skin cream.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Provide solvent-resistant and impermeable floor.

Prevent penetration into the ground.

Do not store together with oxidizing agents.

Do not store together with food and animal food/diet.

Keep container tightly closed.

Keep container in a well-ventilated place.

Protect from heat/overheating.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See product use, SECTION 1.2

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Ingredients with occupational exposure limits to be monitored (GB)

Substance

Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha

CAS: 64742-82-1, EINECS/ELINCS: 265-185-4, EU-INDEX: 649-330-00-2

Long-term exposure: 500 mg/m³

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

CAS: 64742-47-8, EINECS/ELINCS: 265-149-8, EU-INDEX: 649-422-00-2

Long-term exposure: 1200 mg/m³

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.

CAS: 64742-89-8, EINECS/ELINCS: 265-192-2, EU-INDEX: 649-267-00-0

Long-term exposure: 500 mg/m³

8.2 Exposure controls

Additional advice on system design Ensure adequate ventilation on workstation.

Measurement methods for taking workplace measurements must meet the performance requirements of DIN EN 482. For example, recommendations are given in the IFA's list of

hazardous substances.

Eye protection safety glasses (EN 166:2001)

Hand protection 0,4mm Butyl rubber, >120 min (EN 374-1/-2/-3).

The details concerned are recommendations. Please contact the glove supplier for further

information.

Skin protection Protective clothing.

Other Avoid contact with eyes and skin.

Do not inhale vapours.

Personal protective equipment should be selected specifically for the working place, depending on concentration and quantity handled. The resistance of this equipment to

chemicals should be ascertained with the respective supplier.

Respiratory protection Respiratory protection mask in the event of high concentrations.

Short term: filter apparatus, combination filter A-P2. (DIN EN 14387)

Thermal hazards

Delimitation and monitoring of the

environmental exposition

Protect the environment by applying appropriate control measures to prevent or limit

emissions.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form liquid
Color opaque
Odor characteristic
Odour threshold not required

pH-value 9,6

pH-value [1%] not determinedBoiling point [°C] not determined

Flash point [°C] 43

(no independent burn maintains)

Flammability (solid, gas) [°C] not applicable

Lower explosion limit not determined

Upper explosion limit not determined

Oxidising properties no

Vapour pressure/gas pressure [kPa] not determined

Density [g/ml] 0,97 (20 °C / 68,0 °F)

Bulk density [kg/m³] not applicable

Solubility in water dispersible

Partition coefficient [n-octanol/water] not determined

Viscosity 420 - 500 mPa.s (20°C)

Relative vapour density determined

in air

not determined

Evaporation speednot determinedMelting point [°C]not determinedAutoignition temperature [°C]not self-ignitingDecomposition temperature [°C]not applicable

9.2 Other information

none

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reactions known if used as directed.

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable under standard conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reactions with acids, alkalies and oxidizing agents.

Evolution of flammable mixtures possible in air when heated above flash point and/or during spraying or misting.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

See SECTION 7.2.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agent

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products known.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product

ATE-mix, inhalativ (vapour), > 20 mg/l 4h.

ATE-mix, dermal, > 2000 mg/kg.

ATE-mix, oral, > 2000 mg/kg.

Substance

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light, CAS: 64742-47-8

LD50, dermal, Rabbit: > 2000 mg/kg (IUCLID).

LD50, oral, Rat: > 15000 mg/kg (IUCLID).

LC50, inhalative, Rat: > 5,2 mg/l 4h (IUCLID).

Poly(dimethyl)[3-((2-aminoethyl)amino)propyl]methylsiloxane, CAS: 71750-79-3

LD50, oral, Rat: > 2000 mg/kg.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph., CAS: 64742-89-8

LD50, dermal, Rabbit: 3000 mg/kg (IUCLID)

LD50, oral, mouse: 5000 mg/kg (IUCLID)

Serious eye damage/irritation Irritant

Based on the available information, the classification criteria are fulfilled.

Toxicological data of complete product are not available.

Calculation method

Skin corrosion/irritation Based on the available information, the classification criteria are not fulfilled.

Toxicological data of complete product are not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitisationDoes not contain a relevant substance that meets the classification criteria.

Based on the available information, the classification criteria are not fulfilled.

Toxicological data of complete product are not available.

Specific target organ toxicity —

single exposure

Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Based on the available information, the classification criteria are fulfilled.

Toxicological data of complete product are not available.

Calculation method

Specific target organ toxicity —

repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure

if inhaled.

Based on the available information, the classification criteria are fulfilled.

Toxicological data of complete product are not available.

Calculation method

Mutagenicity Does not contain a relevant substance that meets the classification criteria.

Based on the available information, the classification criteria are not fulfilled.

Toxicological data of complete product are not available.

Reproduction toxicityDoes not contain a relevant substance that meets the classification criteria.

Based on the available information, the classification criteria are not fulfilled.

Toxicological data of complete product are not available.

Carcinogenicity Does not contain a relevant substance that meets the classification criteria.

Based on the available information, the classification criteria are not fulfilled.

Toxicological data of complete product are not available.

Aspiration hazard Based on the available information, the classification criteria are not fulfilled.

General remarks

none

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Supagard Ltd

Muirend, Glasgow, G44 3EF

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Substance

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light, CAS: 64742-47-8

LC50, (96h), Pimephales promelas: 45 mg/l (IUCLID).

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph., CAS: 64742-89-8

EC50, (72h), Selenastrum capricornutum: 4700 mg/l (IUCLID)

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Behaviour in environment

not determined

compartments

Behaviour in sewage plant not determined Biological degradability not determined

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Accumulation in organisms is not expected.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Spillages may penetrate the soil causing ground water contamination.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Based on all available information not to be classified as PBT or vPvB respectively.

12.6 Other adverse effects

None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste material must be disposed of in accordance with the Directive on waste 2008/98/EC as well as other national and local regulations. It is not possible to determine a waste code for this product in accordance with the European Waste Catalogue (EWC) since it is only possible to classify it according to how it is used by the customer. The waste code is to be determined within the EU in liaison with the waste-disposal operator.

Product

Disposal in an incineration plant in accordance with the regulations of the local authorities.

For recycling, consult manufacturer.

Waste no. (recommended) 070704*

Contaminated packaging

Uncontaminated packaging may be taken for recycling.

Packaging that cannot be cleaned should be disposed of as for product.

Waste no. (recommended) 150110*

150102

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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

Transport by land according to

ADR/RID

3082

Inland navigation (ADN)

3082

Marine transport in accordance with

IMDG

3082

Air transport in accordance with IATA 3082

14.2 UN proper shipping name

Transport by land according to

ADR/RID

- Label

Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha, Amines, Tallow Alkyl)

- Classification Code

- Ciassilication





- ADR LQ

- ADR 1.1.3.6 (8.6)

Transport category (tunnel restriction code) 3 (E)

Inland navigation (ADN)

- Classification Code

Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha, Amines, Tallow Alkyl)

парт

- Label



Marine transport in accordance with

IMDG

- Label

Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha, Amines, Tallow Alkyl)

- EMS

F-A. S-F



- IMDG LQ

5 I

Air transport in accordance with IATA Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha, Amines, Tallow Alkyl)

- Label





14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Transport by land according to

ADR/RID

9

Inland navigation (ADN)

9

Marine transport in accordance with

IMDG

Air transport in accordance with IATA 9

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14.4 Packing group

Transport by land according to

ADR/RID

Ш

Inland navigation (ADN) Ш

Marine transport in accordance with

IMDG

Air transport in accordance with IATA III

14.5 Environmental hazards

Transport by land according to

ADR/RID

yes

Inland navigation (ADN) yes

Marine transport in accordance with MARINE POLLUTANT

IMDG

Air transport in accordance with IATA yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

Relevant information under SECTION 6 to 8.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EEC-REGULATIONS 1991/689 (2001/118); 2010/75; 2004/42; 648/2004; 1907/2006 (REACH); 1272/2008;

75/324/EEC (2008/47/EC); (EU) 2015/830; (EU) 2016/131; (EU) 517/2014

TRANSPORT-REGULATIONS DOT-Classification, ADR (2017); IMDG-Code (2017, 38. Amdt.); IATA-DGR (2017). NATIONAL REGULATIONS (GB): EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Second edition, published December 2011).

CHIP 3/ CHIP 4

- Observe employment restrictions

for people

Observe employment restrictions for mothers-to-be and nursing mothers. Observe

employment restrictions for young people.

- VOC (2010/75/CE) ~ 37 %

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

not applicable

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SECTION 16: Other information

16.1 Hazard statements (SECTION 03)

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

16.2 Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR = Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route

RID = Règlement concernant le transport international ferroviaire de marchandises dangereuses

ADN = Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voie de navigation intérieure

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging

DMEL = Derived Minimum Effect Level

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EC50 = Median effective concentration ECB = European Chemicals Bureau

EEC = European Economic Community

EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS = European List of Notified Chemical Substances

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC-Code = International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying

Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk

IC50 = Inhibition concentration, 50%

IMDG = International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IUCLID = International Uniform ChemicaL Information Database

LC50 = Lethal concentration, 50%

LD50 = Median lethal dose

LC0 = lethal concentration, 0%

LOAEL = lowest-observed-adverse-effect level

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships

NOAEL = No Observed Adverse Effect Level NOEC = No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance

PNEC = Predicted No-Effect Concentration

REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

STP = Sewage Treatment Plant

TLV®/TWA = Threshold limit value – time-weighted average TLV®STEL = Threshold limit value – short-time exposure limit

VOC = Volatile Organic Compounds

vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

16.3 Other information

Classification procedure

Eye Irrit. 2: H319 Causes serious eye irritation. (Calculation method) STOT SE 3: H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. (Calculation method)

Aquatic Chronic 2: H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. (Calculation method) STOT RE 1: H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. (Calculation method)

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Modified position

SECTION 2 been added: P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

SECTION 2 deleted: P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection.

SECTION 2 been added: P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/national regulation.

SECTION 2 been added: P260 Do not breathe vapours.

SECTION 2 been added: H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through

prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

SECTION 2 been added: DANGER SECTION 2 been added: health hazard SECTION 2 been added: STOT RE 1

SECTION 4 been added: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

SECTION 5 been added: Cool containers at risk with water spray jet.

SECTION 8 been added: Protect the environment by applying appropriate control measures

to prevent or limit emissions.

SECTION 8 been added: Measurement methods for taking workplace measurements must meet the performance requirements of DIN EN 482. For example, recommendations are given in the IFA's list of hazardous substances.

SECTION 11 been added: Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

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